

Touched by a Butterfly



Kissed by an Angel

David J. Walter

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*Where there is no vision the people perish: but he that keepeth the
law, happy is he' - Proverbs Ch. 29 v.18*

Mr. Adam Griffin
Registrar
Level 23 Law Courts Building
Queens Square,
Sydney NSW 2000.

Dear Mr. Griffin,

I attach a copy of an Application to Show Cause, which was forwarded to you for, registering and forwarding to the High Court of the Commonwealth of Australia as held to Chapter 111 of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act , Canberra.

There is for your information one High Court of the Commonwealth, for and of and the people of the Commonwealth in this cause, myself and the Queen and the property in my wife's will and testament, held to Common Law of England and to the Laws of Church and State to Church of England and the Holy see, being the High Court of this Nation is the only Court of Common Law available to some 24 millions subjects of the Crown at Section 117 of the Constitution.

You Mr. Griffin are not a public servant as a representative, of we the people, and the Queen, of the Commonwealth and paid in the currency of the Commonwealth pounds, shillings and pence, but an employee of a - Foreign Government and Political Subdivision - Corporation Act 2001, and registered in Washington D.C. and hold a signed commercial with the C.E.O. of THE CONSTITUTION 1st Edition 1995 How ever so named as the C.E.O, of the Corporations Act 2001, Corporations Agreement 2002 - Public Employment (Consequential and Transitional) Amendment Act 1999 Act No. 146 of 1999 *inter alia* Currency Act 1965, *inter alia* Legislative Instruments Act 2003, for matters concerning Australian Citizens only, of THE COMMONWEALTH, as HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA ABN 69 445 188 986 where as a private person you hold the position of a " Commonwealth Government Entity" a court for the Administration of the Australian Government only, not being of the Commonwealth.

I refer you to DJW 2 - pages 13 & 14 hold you the personal responsibility as a Public Servant of a - Foreign Government and Political Subdivisions - paid in the currency of that

Corporation, \$A Dollars not the currency of the Commonwealth, to hold to the Civil Law of the Corporation only.

I refer to unsigned Judgment of MULLINSJ (Civil Law), and the matter as heard by Judge Vasta, to (Civil Law) and the Judgment not signed and the 5 Books of Documents of evidence and the full transcript of the proceedings and my Evidence in Chief – Orders signed to Civil Law they have no standing at Common Law of England and held to Laws of Church and State, to Church of England and the Holy see, no unsigned Judgment to Civil Law, has standing, no more than *instrument* means any document

Being held to Civil Law of Corporate Australia – Australian Government registered Washington D.C. the Capital of America, with whom you have a signed commercial contract with the C.E.O. however ever named of that Corporation and held to the Civil Law only of that Corporation, from where you obtain you salary and allowances etc, in Australian Currency, not being of the Commonwealth, and commercially bound to those Civil Laws, Australia no authority over any law of the Commonwealth of Australia being common Law as held to CHAPTER 111 of the Constitution, where I the Queen hold a signed sealed commercial contract, and no contract with any person or CEO, however named, of the Australian Governments *inter alia* Corporation Act 2001, hence we cannot vote for a person to hold any position in The Constitution, not shareholders and hold no equity in Australian Currency.

I attach a copy of that copy of the APPLICATION TO SHOW CAUSE, you as a private person, employee of the - Foreign Governments and Political Subdivisions - refused to file to the High Court of the Commonwealth, as held to Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act Chapter 111.

As I and the Queen and the property held in the will and testament of my wife being subjects of the Crown at Section 117, hold the full rights as held to the Constitution to have this cause, be transmitted immediately to the High Court of we the people for their hearing at Common Law, there is one Constitution of the people of this Commonwealth and that is the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act, which as held to public service act 1996, no public servant of any “Foreign Government and Political Subdivisions” or the people forming those so called “civil law Governments”, can override or stop any subject of the Crown from access to, the only court of Common Law being of the Commonwealth, this date in time.


You will as held to Public Service Act 1999, you will immediately forward the APPLICATION TO SHOW CAUSE to the Justices of the High Court no interference from the Public Servants, not being of the Commonwealth in the Registry Canberra, for attention of the High Court and for hearing at Common Law as held to Chapter 111 of the Constitution.

In making this demand of you I refer you and any other Public Servant not being of the Commonwealth of Chapter 2 and held to Chapter 7 of the Criminal Code 1995 – Proper Administration of Government –note the words Administration only, not with the authority of the people and the Queen in the Parliaments of the Commonwealth Australian as held to Constitution Act.

Foreign Governments and Political Subdivisions – not being of the Commonwealth and not representative of we the people, as a Registered Australian Business - Corporation in Washington D.C, in HIGH COURT AUSTRALIA the Court hold a Australian business number to which you are commercially bound, by contract, and as an employee of the Corporation you are commercially bound as ever other public servant be they appointed as a Judge, Magistrate or Police Officer or agent to signed commercial contract on page 7 of the application to show causes, as is every pother person worldwide commercially bound inside Articles of Association of their employers in this cause - The Constitution 1st Edition 1995.

You have as an employee of that - Foreign Government and Political Subdivisions - until close of Business next Friday 21st April, 2016, to forward the file direct to the Justices of the High Court, Canberra, to advise me of the file number and the date of hearing, or I will file a show cause notice of the High Court upon you, personally.

I await your prompt reply and of your actions.



.....
David John Walter
15th April, 2016.

Cc – Chief Justice of the High Court.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
BRISBANE REGISTRY

No. of 20__

BETWEEN:

David John Walter.

Plaintiff

and

Katie Lynch.
ABN 49 110 847 399

Defendant

APPLICATION FOR AN ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

To: Katie Lynch.
ABN 49 110 847 399
Deputy District Registrar
FEDERAL COURT OF AUSTRALIA REGISTRY
HARRY GIBBS COMMONWEALTH LAW COURTS
119 NORTH QUAY
BRISBANE. QLD 4000.

TAKE NOTICE that this application has been made by the plaintiff for the relief that is set out below on the grounds that are set out below.

IF YOU INTEND TO DEFEND the proceeding you must file a notice of appearance in the office of the Registry named above.

IF YOU ARE WILLING TO SUBMIT to any order that the Court may make, save as to costs, you may file a submitting appearance in the office of the Registry named above.

THE TIME FOR FILING AN APPEARANCE is as follows:

- (a) where you are served with the application within Australia – 14 days from the date of service;
- (b) in any other case – 42 days from the date of service.

THE RELIEF CLAIMED is

Order No.1

1. The members of the High Court being Justices of the Court, are private persons/individual of gender, inside the Preamble of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act as held to Chapter 111 Proclaimed and Gazetted - Tuesday 1 January, 1901 held to Preamble clauses 1-9 (British Law – Imperial Laws).

Sections 61,105,107,109,117,128 as held to the Common Law of England and held to the laws of Church and State, as held to Church of State to Church of England and the Holy see, as every other person of the Commonwealth of Australia.

2. The Justices of the High Court, being private persons/individual/gender as I, David John Walter, Her Majesty the Queen, Mrs. Elizabeth Mountbatten of the House of Windsor, Buckingham Palace London England, and the property and assets of my wife Lynette Diane Walter Deceased, 16th April, 2015, in her will and testament, as I and the Queen, held in our *inter vivos* trust signed dated witnessed by 2 persons contemporaneously at the time of signing, for our heirs and assigns, held to Common law of England and to the laws of church and State, Church of England and the Holy see :-

- Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act;
- Constitution Act 1867(Qld) [31 Vic. No.38] as in force 5th April 1977;
- Common Law Pleading Act 1867;
- Common Law Practice Act 1867;
- Common Law Process Act 1867; and
- Commercial Causes Act 1910.
- STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATES ACT 1991 reprinted as in force 1st August 1992 (includes amendments up to Act No.36 of 1992) Reprint 1, sealed with the Public Seal of The State of Queensland but not copyrighted.

3. The Justices of the High Court to sign and seal an Order of the High Court under seal of the High Court, to quash every purported law, and every signed commercial contract, not being of the Commonwealth, by Members of political parties subject but not limited to the following purported documents, not being a Statutory Instrument as held to Common Law or Civil law of any private persons/individual of gender, subject but not limited to, Australian Citizenship Act 99/1973, Royal Styles and Titles Act 114 of 1973, Statute Law Revision Act 216 of 1973, being an *instrument*, document only - Not sealed and unsigned.

South Australia v Commonwealth (“First Uniform Tax Case)

[1942] HCA 14;(23 July 1942) (1942) 65 CLR 373

Latham, C.J. at Paragraph 14

Common expressions, such as: “The courts have declared a statute invalid,” sometimes lead to misunderstanding. A pretended law made in excess of power is not and never has been a law at all. Anybody in the country is entitled to disregard it. Naturally he will feel safer if he has a decision of a court in his favor—but such a decision is not an element which produces invalidity in any law. The law is not valid until a court pronounces against it—and thereafter invalid. If it is beyond power it is invalid *ab initio*.

Order No 2.

Costs

Order No. 3.

Further or other relief as the nature of the Case may require.

Order No. 4.

This cause as held to Common Law Causes Act 1910 Queensland, is within the original jurisdiction of the High Court as the interpretation of the Constitution.

THE GROUNDS ON WHICH THE RELIEF IS CLAIMED are:

1. The private /personal/real property and assets, of Me David John Walter are subject to common law remain in my will and testament for my heirs and assigns, as held to Commercial Causes Act 1910 Queensland.
2. The private /personal/real property and assets, are subject to common law in my wife's Estate, of which I am the trustee, being real and personal property and assets and money legal tender of the Commonwealth, remain in my wife's will and testament for her heirs and assigns, at common law held to Commercial Causes Act 1910 Queensland.
3. The private /personal/real property and assets, of Her Majesty the Queen Mrs. Elizabeth Mountbatten, of the House of Windsor, are subject to common law, the real property the land this cause held to - ORDER 10 February, 2016 sold in Australian Currency, now being a real asset of "the *State*" of Queensland held by "the *State*" to the Property Law Act 1974, a purported law of "the *State*" to Section 15DA of the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, - Lot 21 on Survey Plan 137942, County of Hodgkinson, Parish of Western, in Title Reference 50396155 is the real property of, Her Majesty the Queen, Mrs. Elizabeth Mountbatten of the House of Windsor, held to Land Act 1962 Queensland *inter alia* Sections 30-40 Constitution Act 1867(Qld) [31 Vic. No.38] as in force 5th April 1977 remains the real property of Mrs. Elizabeth Mountbatten, held in her will and testament, for her heirs and assigns, held to Commercial Causes Act 1910 Queensland.
4. In this cause I, David John Walter, my wife Lynette Diane Walter (Deceased 16.4.2015) and Her Majesty The Queen, Mrs. Elizabeth Mountbatten, of the House of Windsor, do not hold a signed commercial contract with any private person being members of political parties, namely, Malcolm Turnbull Prime Minister of Australia or Anastasia Palaszczuk, The Premier of "the *State*" of Queensland, to acquire, and take without our consent or forfeit the private property of ourselves, to any unsigned purported statutory laws not being of the Commonwealth of Australia, convert that property, real personal property and any assets, money for their own personal use, and to deprive we the owners of that property, permanently, the use of the property, real, personal, assets or money, being the legal tender of the Commonwealth Pounds, shillings and pence, is a criminal offence at Common law.
5. That the members of the political parties, held inside the duumvirate - Purported Australian Governments - have never requested, by referendum under a writ signed by the Governor General as held to section 117 & 128 for the people of the Commonwealth, to become Australian Citizens and give all their assets and property to the members of the political parties to create Corporations and use those assets for the benefit of any private person/s a shareholder and holding equity inside Corporation Act 2001, we the three applicants have no shares no equity held in any purported Corporation Act 2001, of any Australian Governments, and further cannot vote for a nominated person from inside The Constitutions, members of the political parties to form any Parliaments of Australia, or to use, sell, or acquire, any assets, money in legal tender of the Commonwealth, money of we the people, held to Section 51 held to common law of England and to the laws of Church and State as held to Church of England and the holy see, and that includes our personal property or to interfere with our lives, daily business, and for the future of the Commonwealth, holding the authority of an

individual, a single shareholder, inside the Preamble of the Constitution, as is allowed in sections 117-128.

6. The Members of Parliaments of Australia, Members of political parties, and their employees agents etc are, held as every other person/individual of gender, are all commercially bound, in partnership agreement, to Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act, the members of the Parliaments of Australia, with their employees, agents etc, are commercially bound inside their own private commercial contracts to remain within the full framework of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act, as every other proposed partnership, company, corporation, or trust signed between a private person, are subject but not limited, commencing with The Constitutions of the political parties from where the members are held commercially bound by signed contracts between each other as members of political parties only so called nominated to be Members of Parliaments representing Australian Citizens, have a so called Queen of Australia, neither living persons to Common Law.

(a) FININCIAL AGGREMENT (DECIMAL CURRENCT) ACT 39 of 1966.

(b) International Monetary Agreements Act 1974 Act No. 22 of 1974.

(c) INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT ON THE ENVIRONMENT (IGAE) was signed on 1st May 1992 “between the Commonwealth, the States, the Australian Capital Territory, the Northern Territory and the Australian Local Government Association” - Queensland Government Land Holding Act 1992 *inter alia* Local Government Act 1993 *inter alia* National Environment Protection Council Act 1994 *inter alia* National Environment Protection Council (Queensland) Act 1994, THE CONSTITUTION first edition 1995, which have no living persons at Common Law.

No living person at common law, the creators of the so called new environmental legislation, owns or controls the environment – held to laws of Nature and Natures God.

“the Commonwealth, the States, the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern Territory will make joint legislative provision for the establishment of a body to determine national environment protection measures and stated at :-

Schedule 2 Paragraph 5

“Within the policy, legislative and administrative framework applying in each State, the use of natural resources and land, remain a matter for the owners of the land or resources, whether they are Government bodies or private persons.

7. The Government Bodies are the Constitution of the people and the Queen to form Parliaments of the Commonwealth of Australia, and in Queensland - Constitution Act 1867(Qld) [31 Vic. No.38] as in force 5th April 1977

8. The Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act is now sealed with the Seal of the Australian Citizenship Act 99/1973, for a purported Constitution THE CONSTITUTION - first edition May 1995, for Australian Citizens only, as there are no living Australia citizens, at common law, who can sign a commercial contract, with any member of a political party to form a parliament, for Australia, not being of the Commonwealth, there are no living people, at common law, inside the Preamble of THE CONSTITUTION, first edition May, 1995 - *inter alia* Corporation Act 1989, Corporations(Queensland) Act 1990, Corporations Act 2001- no shareholders no equity – Statutory Corporations.

Sons of Gwalia Ltd v Margaretic [2007] HCA 1 (31 January 2007)
(2007) 232 ALR 232; (2007) 81 ALJR 525

HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA

GLEESON CJ, GUMMOW, KIRBY, HAYNE, CALLINAN, HEYDON AND CRENNAN
JJS208/2006 & S209/2006.

A private person being a member of the Judiciary have the authority of an individual/person/gender as they receive their, salaries and allowances etc, and authority from a person being a member of a political party Australian Governments, with no appointed sworn Governor General – or Governors being cited as:-

entity includes a person and an unincorporated body, as held to acts created as *instrument* means any document, holding no private authority over any person/individual of gender of the Commonwealth, and every signed dated orders and judgments of any State/Territory/Federal Courts including HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA ABN 69 445 188 986, are invalid *ab initio*, as those Judgments, signed and dated, sealed Orders do not apply to a living person.

9. Constitution Act 1867(Qld) [31 Vic. No.38] as in force 5th April 1977, is now sealed with the Public Seal of “the *State*” © State of Queensland 1998, *inter alia* Corporations (Queensland) Act 1990, *inter alia* Constitution of Queensland 2001, with Australian Citizens only - no private people, in the Constitution of Queensland 2001, with the Supreme and District Courts, the Governor and Local Governments are entities of “the *State*” *inter alia* Parliament of Queensland Act 2001, as the Parliament of Queensland is for Australian Citizens only, no living Australian Citizens at Common Law, the unsigned sealed copyrighted laws of “the *State*” have no authority over the Constitution Act 1867(Qld) [31 Vic. No.38] as in force 5th April 1977- the members of the judiciary being *entities* in the courts of Queensland can only hold any judicial authority over Australia Citizen, members of Judiciary have the authority of an individual/person of gender, and bound as every person of Queensland to Constitution Act 1867 – consisting of the Queen, people of Queensland, the Judges, Magistrates of the Courts of “the *State*” being entities inside the Constitution of Queensland 2001, hold no separation of powers, any Judgments or signed dated orders of Supreme, District and Magistrates Courts of Queensland, holding authority of an individual as every other private persons are invalid *ab initio*.

10. This original cause was bought to Bankruptcy Act 1966 – sealed to Australian Citizenship Act 99/1973 © Commonwealth of Australia. *inter alia* Federal Court of Australia sealed to Australian Citizenship Act 99/1973 © Commonwealth of Australia, back to the Supreme Court of Queensland 1991, for hearing by the Statutory Trustees, over and above the cause being heard and determined in the Federal Court of Australia.

Part 1A – Interpretation

5 Interpretation

(1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears:

entity means a natural person, company, partnership or trust.

As a natural person we are in fact an *entity* under the Act, we are not Australian Citizens, nor is Her Majesty the Queen hold any authority to Royal Styles and Titles Act 114/1973, Judge Vasta, as are we, a private person in a company of which the articles of association Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act, which is a partnership agreement as held to Commercial Causes 1910 Queensland, people of the Commonwealth found in the Preamble, the trusts are the wills and testaments of the people of the Constitution, including Judge Vasta as a Private person, as held to Common Law of England and the laws of Church and State as held to Church of England and the Holy see, which is

upheld in Judge Vasta holding the authority of a Judge only, but no seals and sworn appointment to Chapter 111 of the Constitution holding no separation of powers.

FEDERAL CIRCUIT COURT OF AUSTRALIA AT BRISBANE

BRG 880 OF 2014

DAVID JOHN WALTER

Applicant

And

MACKAY REGIONAL COUNCIL

Respondent

(Heard by Telephone Link before Judge Vasta and Judgment made 12 February 2015)

(Reasons for Judgment made 19 February 2015)

1) REASONS FOR JUDGMENT

5. Mr Walter appealed the making of that order to this Court. In this proceeding Mr Walter did not present any evidence regarding the actual bankruptcy. He has instead filed five separate books of “submissions”, as I have termed them. Without wanting to go through them fully, I will describe them in short compass as being applications that cast doubt upon the fact that a Court could allow sequestration or the authority of the Supreme Court or any other entity to take money that has not been money as described under the Constitution namely pounds, shillings and pence. It is a far more complex argument than that. However, as I have stated, my power is confined only to that of the *Bankruptcy Act 1966* (Cth). I must look at this matter as a hearing de novo.

8. I am satisfied that the creditor does not hold security over the property of the Debtor. I am satisfied that at the time when the act of bankruptcy was committed the Debtor was personally present in Australia, was ordinarily resident in Australia and had a dwelling house or place of business in Australia. I am satisfied the following act of bankruptcy was committed by the Debtor within six months before the presentation of the petition before the Court and that the respondent debtor has failed to comply on or before 14 April 2014 with the requirements of Bankruptcy Notice 166665 issued by an authorized officer of the official receiver on 2 December 2013 and served on him on 23 March 2014. I am satisfied that Mr Walter has not satisfied the Court that he has a counter claim, set off or cross demand equal to more than the sum claimed in the Bankruptcy Notice, being a counter claim, set off or cross demand that he could not have set up in the action in which the judgment referred to in the Bankruptcy Notice was obtained. In those circumstances I have no choice but to dismiss the application of Mr Walter and affirm the decision of Registrar Belcher.

11. Therefore I make the following orders:

1. That the application for review filed on 27 November 2014 be dismissed.
2. That the decision of Registrar Belcher made on 6 November 2014 be affirmed.
3. That a transcript of these proceedings be placed upon the Court file.
4. The Respondent’s costs of and incidental to the application, including reserved costs, if any, be taxed under Part 40 of the *Federal Court Rules 2011* and paid by the Applicant

8. Judge Vasta an *entity*, holding a signed commercial contract with his employer a member of a political party, paid in Australian Currency not being of the Commonwealth and commercially bound

holds a commercial signed contract in writing with a member of a political party held to the purported laws of the political parties in any position, of a Judge, being: held - Public Employment (Consequential and Transitional) Amendment Act 1999 Act No. 146 of 1999 *inter alia* Currency Act 1965 THE CONSTITUTION First edition 1995.

Legislative Instruments Act 2003, The Parliament of Australia enacts:

S46B Disallowable non-legislative instruments

This section applies to instruments:

That are neither legislative instruments within the meaning of the *Legislative Instruments Act 2003* nor rules of court; and
that are made under a provision of an Act or legislative instrument (the *enabling provision*) and
that are expressly declared by the enabling provision or by another provision of the Act or instrument to be disallowable instruments for the purposes of this section.

© Commonwealth of Australia

ABN Lookup – current details for ABN: 92 661 124 436.

Entity name: ATTORNEY-GENERALS DEPARTMENT

Entity type: Commonwealth Government Entity

9. Judge Vasta, holding the authority of a Judge, as a private person, upheld the Sovereignty of every person inside the Commonwealth of Australian Constitution Act, that I could only be bankrupted in legal tender of the Commonwealth pounds, shillings and pence, and I was not an Australian Citizen being a name on a document, living person at common law, living in a dwelling house in Australia being of the Commonwealth, there are in fact no courts of the Commonwealth as held to Chapter 111 of the Constitution, the courts are in fact statutory courts, for Australian Citizens only to Australian Citizenship Act 99 of 1973, Royal Styles and Titles Act 114 of 1973, the acts has never received the Royal assent.

10. As I and the Queen and my wife's will and testament are held Common Law, as held to Chapter 111 of the Constitution, the so called courts in existence in the Commonwealth of Australia, have no authority at Common Law, over any private person be it for criminal offence or any matters at Common Law – as held to Commercial Causes Act 1910 Queensland, since 1986, no subject of the Crown, could have had, any conviction at Common Law to be imprisoned, fined in Australian Currency, or hear and determine any matters to Common law not being of the Commonwealth, but held under policies of members of political parties in a non governments of Australia, for non living Australian Citizens not held to Common Law, to a purported Civil Law.

11. This cause, for Bankruptcy proceeding bought by Statutory Trustees, to obtain ORDERS of the Supreme Court of Queensland 1991, before MULLINS. J. CIVIL JURISDICTION 11.52 AM, MONDAY, 8 FEBRUARY 2016 REGISTRY BRISBANE 756/16 as a - non party - to the causes to commence Bankruptcy proceedings over and above the Signed, sealed, dated, Legislative Instrument by Judge Vasta, and the Judgment of Judge Vasta for the sum of A\$ 320.909.00, being a non party to cause SUPREME COURT QUEENSLAND - REGISTRY: Mackay NUMBER: S12 of 2010 ORDER Signed sealed and dated, C.I.Smart Deputy Register 17th July, 2012.

12. MULLINS J. gave a JUDGEMNT and ORDER Pursuant to Section 38 of the Property Law Act Qld) sealed to Public seal of “the *State*” © State of Queensland 1994, to allow (**Statutory Trustees**) to be appointed and sell the property in Australian Currency, and other orders, MULLINS J and the members of the Legal Profession “*entities*” of The Supreme Court Queensland Act 1991, with no private people, in the Constitution of Queensland 2001, holding the authority of an individual/person

of gender holding a commercial contract with an entity of “the *State*” the Premier for commercial activities of “the *State*” only, Constitution of Queensland 2001 - at Chapter Five The Powers of The State, of an individual. – pertaining to commercial matters of “the *State*” only, Supreme, District, Stipendiary Magistrates Courts, being trading entities of “the *State*” Judiciary, appointed by a member of a political party to be known and named “The Premier”, of The State of Queensland, *inter alia* Parliament of Queensland Act 2001 Act from inside - The Constitutions of the Political Parties only, for Australian Citizens at Civil Law.

13. Being private people, as myself and the Queen, are held by Common Law of England Constitution Act 1867(Qld) [31 Vic. No.38] as in force 5th April 1977, MULLINS J and DALTON J not holding the Royal Commission of the Crown and the seals of the Court, Chapter 111 of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act all signed, ORDERS or Judgments, any individual Supreme Court Queensland Act 1991, District Court or Magistrates courts have no authority over any person of the Commonwealth or in fact worldwide - beyond power it is invalid *ab initio* -.

14. I, David John Walter made further Original Application on 4th March, 2016 to have the ORDERS, JUDGEMENT of Mullins J, for compensation, to be payable, for Myself, Her Majesty the Queen, and for my deceased wife, and the orders to be quashed, and the matter be forwarded to Attorney General for full investigation as held to Chapter 2 – Chapter 7 of the Criminal Code 1995, and further orders of the court by myself, personally.

15. The cause was heard by Dalton J 16th March, 2016 and ORDER signed and sealed 17th March, 2016 by private person being Deputy Registrar – Signature unreadable, the same conditions apply to Dalton J being, a Judge in the Supreme Court of Queensland Act 1991, and the members of the Legal Profession, being “*entities*” of the Supreme Court – Trading entity of “the *State*” consisting of private people, as held to Constitution of Queensland 2001, holding the authority of an individual/person of gender *inter alia* Parliament of Queensland Act 2001 *inter alia* Electoral Act 1992.

THE ORDER OF THE COURT IS THAT

1. Application be dismissed.
2. Mr. Walter pay the respondents’ costs of an incidental to the application on an indemnity basis.

16. The Bankruptcy Proceeding and the Orders of the Supreme Court are still standing, and I have been served with orders to vacate the property and hand the keys to Mr. Rhett Kipps of Results Legal, I have refused to do so, but with the order of the Supreme Court, I can still be evicted by force if necessary and the property and the assets sold in Australian Currency to pay the Council and the Solicitors, to recover the debt, not held to any Common Law of the Commonwealth of Australia or Civil Law of any Nation worldwide, as is done daily through the Commonwealth of Australia.

17. The *Supreme Court of Queensland Act 1991* is for The Supreme Court of Queensland which is inside the State Government Entity named DEPT OF JUSTICE & ATTORNEY GENERAL holding an ABN 13 846 673 994 with Trading Names including DEPT OF JUSTICE & ATTORNEY-GENERAL and with Business Names of MINA COLLECTIONS and The Great Bigfoot. (Refer: <http://abr.business.gov.au>)

18. On Monday 4th April, 2016 I had hand delivered, to FEDERAL COURT OF AUSTRALIA Brisbane, the Originating application for judicial review, as the originating order, upholding the Constitution right of every subject of the Crown, and the Queen in the Commonwealth of Australia, as given by Judge Vasta in that purported court.

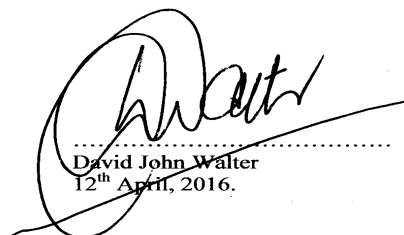
19. The Defendant Katie Lynch. ABN 49 110 847 399, signed personally as Deputy District Register, FEDERAL COURT OF AUSTRALIA REGISTRY – ABN 49 110 847 399 - Commonwealth Government Entity, the document sealed to Australian Citizenship Act 1973, a court of no standing as the court is for Australian Citizens only, as there are no living, Australian Citizens, at Common Law, as upheld by Judge Vasta to have any cause heard and determined the court has no standing the register is also responsible causes for the High Court, to common law and to the laws of church and state, to Church of England and the Holy see, being *entity* includes a person and an unincorporated body.

20. The Defendant Katie Lynch is Deputy registrar of a court not being of the Commonwealth of Australia, but an employee of THE COMMONWEALTH, an Australian Business operating under and to Corporations Act 2001, Corporations Agreement 2002 - Public Employment (Consequential and Transitional) Amendment Act 1999 Act No. 146 of 1999 *inter alia* Currency Act 1965, *inter alia* Legislative Instruments Act 2003, for matters concerning Australian Citizens only, of THE COMMONWEALTH, as a court for the Administration of the Australian Government only, not being of the Commonwealth.

21. The defendant also has a dual responsibility as held to Public Service Act 1999 *inter alia* Currency Act 1965 *inter alia* THE CONSTITUTION first edition 1995, to remit any cause of we the people of the Commonwealth direct to the High Court for adjudication and hearing if required at no charge in Australian Currency.

22. The Defendant Katie Lynch. ABN 49 110 847 399, signed dated personally as Deputy District Register, FEDERAL COURT OF AUSTRALIA REGISTRY, correspondence to me dated 5th April, 2016 and received, 8th April, 2016 to the fact that a Judicial review could not be heard under Administrative Decisions (Judicial Review) Act 1977 (Cth), being a law created to *instrument* means any document, the Administrative Decisions (Judicial Review) Act 1977 (Cth), created by instrument being a document only, no authority at law, be it common law or Civil Law.

22. The defendant Katie Lynch is to show cause to the High Court as to why being Deputy District Register, FEDERAL COURT OF AUSTRALIA REGISTRY, failed to immediately forward the Originating application for judicial review to the High Court as no courts under the Australian System of Government are Chapter 111 Courts, of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act and the members of the judiciary or any person which includes the legal profession have the authority of an individual only being, as held to THE CONSTITUTION, first edition 1995 Corporations Act 2001 *inter alia* Corporations Agreement 2002, New South Wales v Ibbett [2006] HCA 57 (12 December 2006)



David John Walter
12th April, 2016.

The plaintiff's address is Lot 187 Walsh River Road Watsonville Queensland 4887.

The plaintiff's address for service is P.O. 578 Herberton, Queensland 4887.